1st AIR SUPPORT OPERATIONS GROUP

LINEAGE
1st Communications Squadron, Air Support constituted, 31 Mar 1942
Activated, 23 Apr 1942
Redesignated 1st Air Support Communication Squadron, 11 Jan 1943
Redesignated 1st Tactical Air Communications Squadron, 1 Apr 1944
Inactivated, 29 Oct 1945
Disbanded, 8 Oct 1948
Reconstituted and redesignated 1st Air Support Group and activated, 15 Jun 1992
Redesignated 1st Air Support Operations Group, 1 Jul 1994

STATIONS
Albrook Field, Canal Zone, 23 Apr 1942-Apr 1943
Birmingham AAB, AL, Apr 1943
Lebanon, TN, 8 Sep 1943
Morris Field, NC, 28 Nov 1943-11 Feb 1944
Bombay, India, 31 Mar 1944
Dinjan, India, 23 Apr 1944
Myitkyina, Burma, 23 Oct 1944
Bhamo, Burma, 15 Feb 1945
Luliang, China, 24 Apr-Sep 1945
Camp Kilmer, NJ, 28-29 Oct 1945
Ft Lewis, WA, 15 Jun 1992

ASSIGNMENTS
Sixth Air Force, 23 Apr 1942
Third Air Force, 10 Apr 1943, III Ground Air Support (later, III Air Support; III Reconnaissance)
    Command, 19 May 1943
I Tactical Air Division, attached, 8 Sep 1943, assigned 3 Nov 1943
Tenth Air Force, 31 Mar 1944
Fourteenth Air Force, 19 Apr 1945
Tenth Air Force, 1 Aug 1945
Fourteenth Air Force, 3 Sep 1945-unkn
355th Wing, 15 Jun 1992
Twelfth Air Force, 1 Feb 1994
Thirteenth Air Force, 2008

ATTACHMENTS
72nd Observation Group, Apr 1942-Apr 1943
XIV Air Force Tactical Air Command [Prov], 21 Jun-31 Jul 1945

WEAPON SYSTEMS

COMMANDERS

HONORS
Service Streamers
World War II American Theater

Campaign Streamers
World War II Asiatic-Pacific Theater:
India-Burma 1942-1945 with Arrowhead
Central Burma 1945
China Defensive 1942-1945
China Offensive 1945

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers
None

Decorations
Air Force Outstanding Unit Award with Combat "V" Device
1 Jun 2001-31 May 2003

Meritorious Unit Award
1 Jun 2004-31 May 2005

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards
1 Jun 1996-31 May 1998
1 Jun 1999-31 May 2001

EMBLEM
Approved, 15 Sep 1997

MOTTO

NICKNAME
OPERATIONS
The mission of the 1st Air Support Operations Group is to provide superior aerospace expertise to I Corps and other US Army units to enable rapid, decisive, and sustainable airpower anytime, anywhere.

The group's responsibilities are divided into two main portions. One is to provide weather support to Army aviation units. The other is to form tactical air control parties which provide close air support to Army units.

Combat in Burma and China, Apr 1944-Sep 1945. Teams on duty with British, Chinese, and American ground forces, directing fighter-bomber planes on missions in air support for the ground forces they served. Participated in an assault landing on 17 May 1944 in the battle for Myitkyina, Burma.

A ceremony moving the 1st Air Support Operations Group from under 12th Air Force into the hands of 13th Air Force occurred 1 Oct 2008 at Fort Lewis, Wash. Lt. Gen. Chip Utterback, commander of 13th Air Force, assumed control of the 1st ASOG and its subordinate units at the ceremony, nearly tripling the group's assigned forces to 400 personnel in the process. "We are focused on today's war with folks from all over our command deeply engaged in today's battle," General Utterback said. "We are organizing to bring the speed and flexibility that comes with airpower to the Pacific." With the move from Air Combat Command to Pacific Air Forces, the 1st ASOG assumes three new squadrons, in addition to two previously assigned squadrons. The new squadrons include: the 3rd Air Support Operations Squadron at Fort Wainwright, Alaska; the 25th Air Support Operations Squadron at Wheeler Army Air Field, Hawaii; and the 16th Air Support Operations Squadron at Fort Richardson, Alaska. The 1st ASOG will continue to command two subordinate squadrons: the 1st Weather Squadron and the 5th Air Support Operations Squadron, both at Fort Lewis.